

typhoon.unity.pool使用说明

```
1 //案例一
2
3 private void Demo_1()
4 {
5     //构建池
6     var pool = PoolManager.CreatePool(() =>
7     {
8         var clone = new GameObject();
9         return clone.AddComponent<PoolObject>();
10    });
11
12    //获取池对象
13    var obj = pool.GetPoolObjectAs<PoolObject>();
14
15    //回收池对象
16    obj.RecycleToPool();
17 }
```

```
1 //案例二
2
3 private void Demo_2()
4 {
5     //加载预制物资源
6     var prefab = Resources.Load<GameObject>("path/of/pool_prefab");
7     //构建池
8     var pool = PoolManager.CreatePool<PoolObject>(prefab);
9     //获取池对象
10    var obj = pool.GetPoolObjectAs<PoolObject>();
11    //回收池对象
12    obj.RecycleToPool();
13 }
```

```
1 //案例三
2 //自定义池对象
```

```

3 public class MyPoolObject : PoolObject
4 {
5     public MeshRenderer Renderer;
6
7     //池对象被生成时触发
8     protected override void OnPoolObjectCreate()
9     {
10         base.OnPoolObjectCreate();
11         //获取MeshRenderer组件
12         Renderer = transform.GetComponent<MeshRenderer>();
13     }
14
15     protected override void OnPoolObjectOnWakeup()
16     {
17         base.OnPoolObjectOnWakeup();
18         //被唤醒 (从池子拿出来) 时触发
19         Renderer.enabled = true;
20     }
21     //回收逻辑执行前触发
22     protected override void OnPoolObjectBeforeRecycle()
23     {
24         base.OnPoolObjectBeforeRecycle();
25         Debug.Log("回收逻辑执行前触发");
26     }
27
28     //回收逻辑执行后触发
29     protected override void OnPoolObjectAfterRecycle()
30     {
31         base.OnPoolObjectAfterRecycle();
32         Debug.Log("回收逻辑执行后触发");
33         Renderer.enabled = false;
34     }
35 }
36
37 private void Demo_3()
38 {
39     //加载预制物资源
40     var prefab = Resources.Load<GameObject>("path/of/poolObject");
41     //构建池,使用拓展的池对象
42     var pool = PoolManager.CreatePool<MyPoolObject>(prefab);
43     //获取池对象
44     var obj = pool.GetPoolObjectAs<MyPoolObject>();
45     //隐藏renderer
46     obj.Renderer.enabled = false;
47     //回收池对象
48     obj.RecycleToPool();
49 }

```

```
1 //案例四
2 private void Demo_4()
3 {
4     //构建池分组
5     var group = new PoolGroup<string>();
6     //加载预制物资源
7     var car1Prefab = Resources.Load<GameObject>("path/of/car1Prefab");
8     var car2Prefab = Resources.Load<GameObject>("path/of/car2Prefab");
9     var car3Prefab = Resources.Load<GameObject>("path/of/car3Prefab");
10    //构建池, 并且添加到分组
11    group.AddPool("car1", PoolManager.CreatePool<PoolObject>(car1Prefab));
12    group.AddPool("car2", PoolManager.CreatePool<PoolObject>(car2Prefab));
13    group.AddPool("car3", PoolManager.CreatePool<PoolObject>(car3Prefab));
14    //根据key快速获取池对象
15    var car1 = group.GetPoolObjectAs<PoolObject>("car1");
16    var car2 = group.GetPoolObjectAs<PoolObject>("car2");
17    var car3 = group.GetPoolObjectAs<PoolObject>("car3");
18 }
```