



First developments towards TiO₂ nanoimprint for photonic sensor fabrication

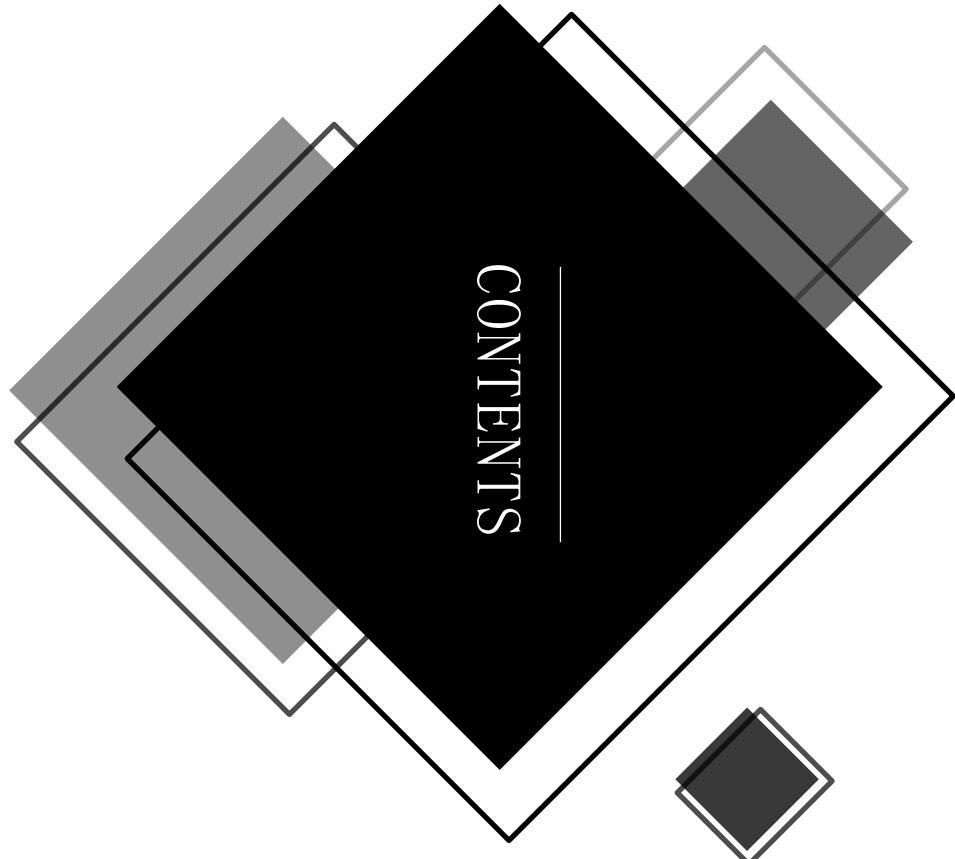
Huiru Ren¹, Céline Chevalier¹, Nicolas Crespo-Monteiro², Taha Benyattou¹, Cécile Jamois¹

¹ INL – Institut des Nanotechnologies de Lyon, CNRS UMR5270, Université de Lyon
INSA-Lyon, Villeurbanne F-69621, France

² LHC – Laboratoire Hubert Curien, CNRS UMR5516, Université Jean Monnet de Saint-Étienne
Campus Manufacture, Saint-Etienne F-42000, France



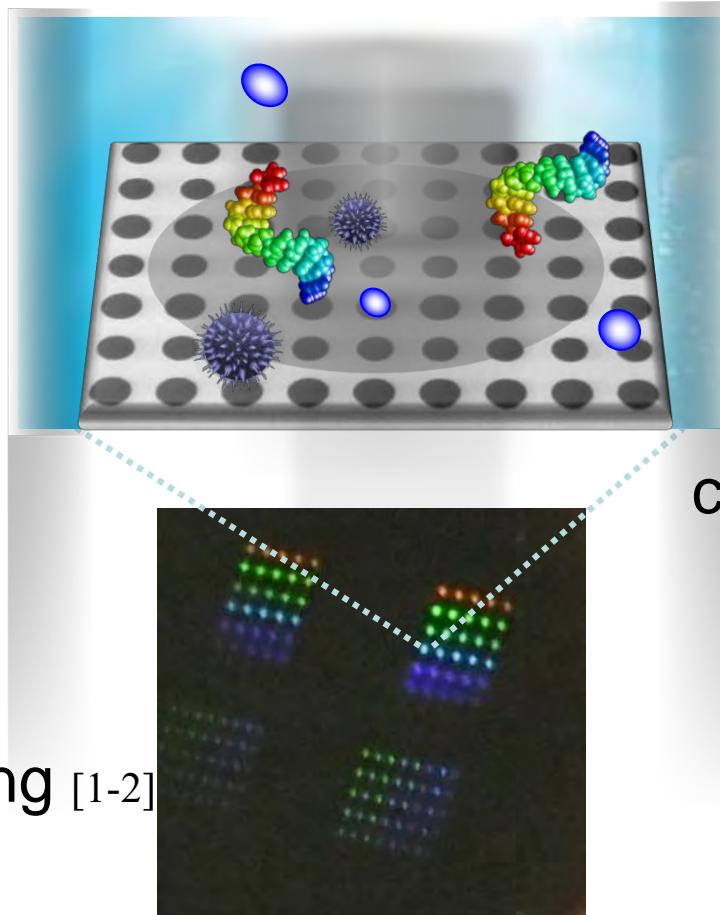
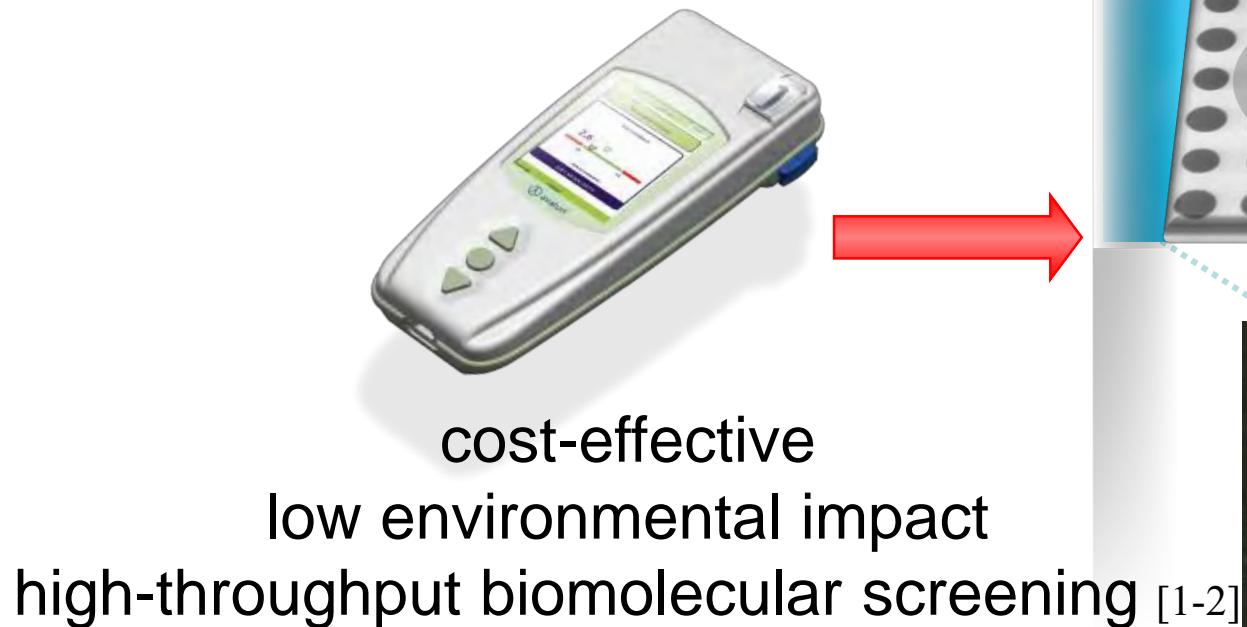
Contents



- **Context and objectives**
- **Targeted structure**
- **Main process of TiO₂ nanopatterning**
- **What can go wrong?**
- **Conclusion & Future work**

Context and objectives

New photonic sensors for single-use point-of-care diagnostics/monitoring tools:

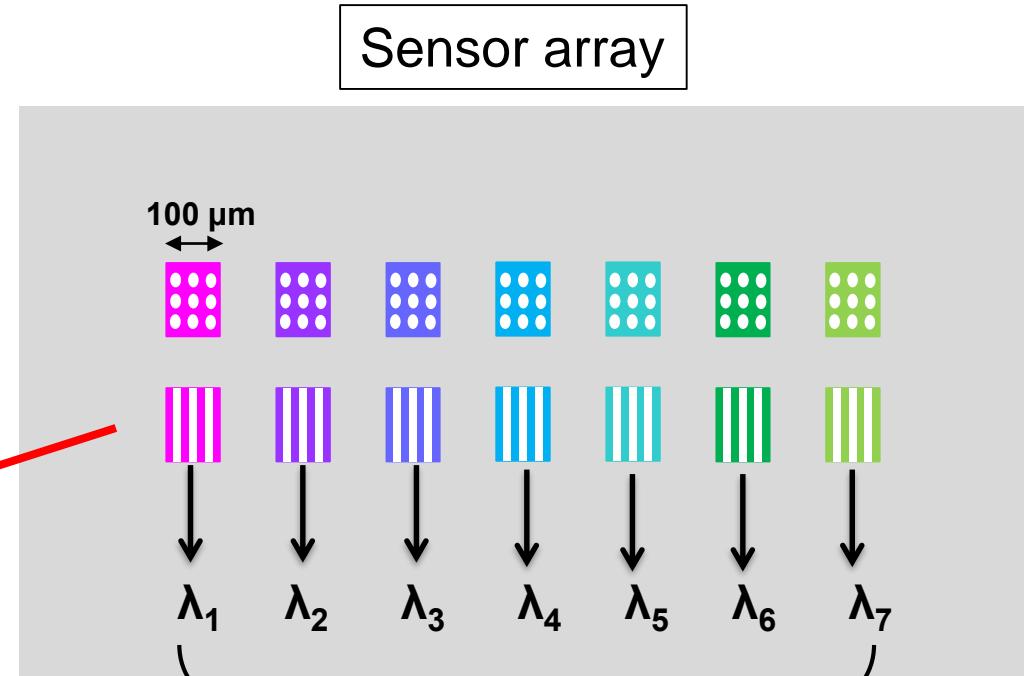
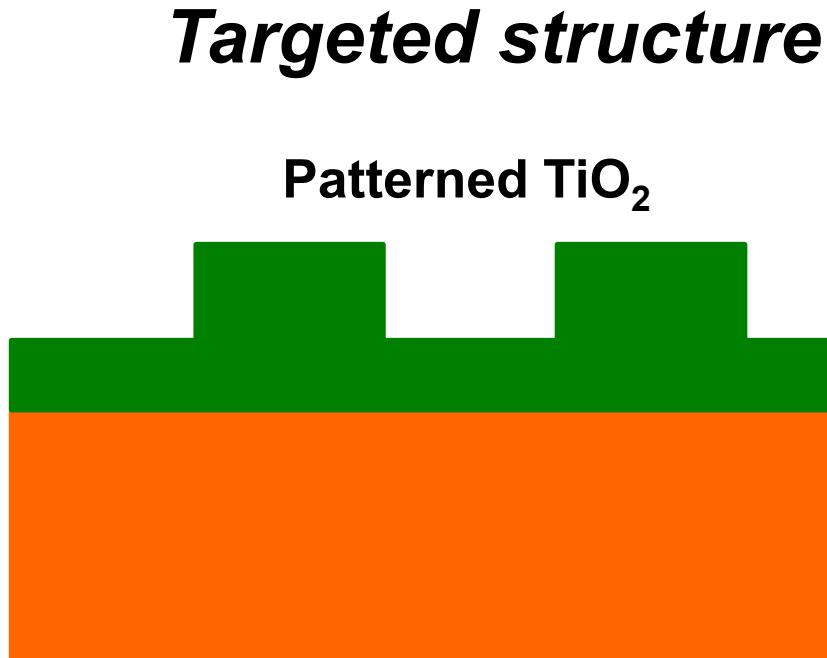


TiO₂ photonic
crystal sensors via
UV-Nanoimprint

[1]Fenzl, et al, Angewandte Chemie International Edition 53.13(2014):3318-3335.

[2]Heeres, J. T., et al, Cheminform 40.8(2011):4398-4410.

Targeted structure



Varying period, $a = 400\text{-}1000\text{nm}$;
filling factor, $ff=0.1\text{-}0.3$

Main process of TiO₂ nanopatterning

1. Fabrication of master

Lithography (e-beam), Al deposition and lift-off

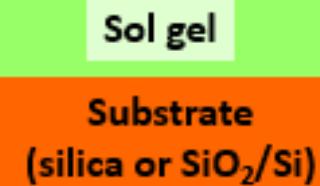


2. Fabrication of PDMS stamp

PDMS moulding using Si master

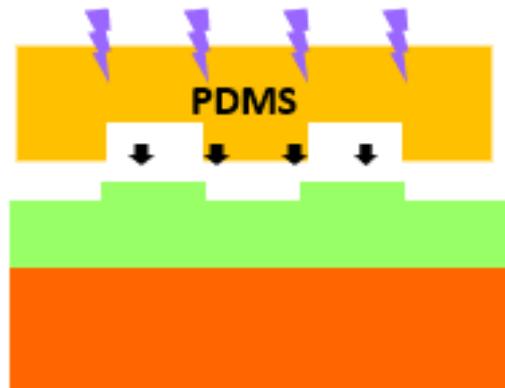


3. Spin coating of sol gel solution



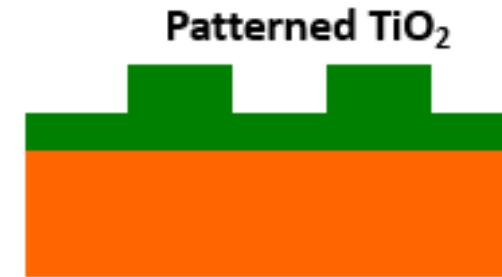
4. Nanoimprint

Press + UV illumination



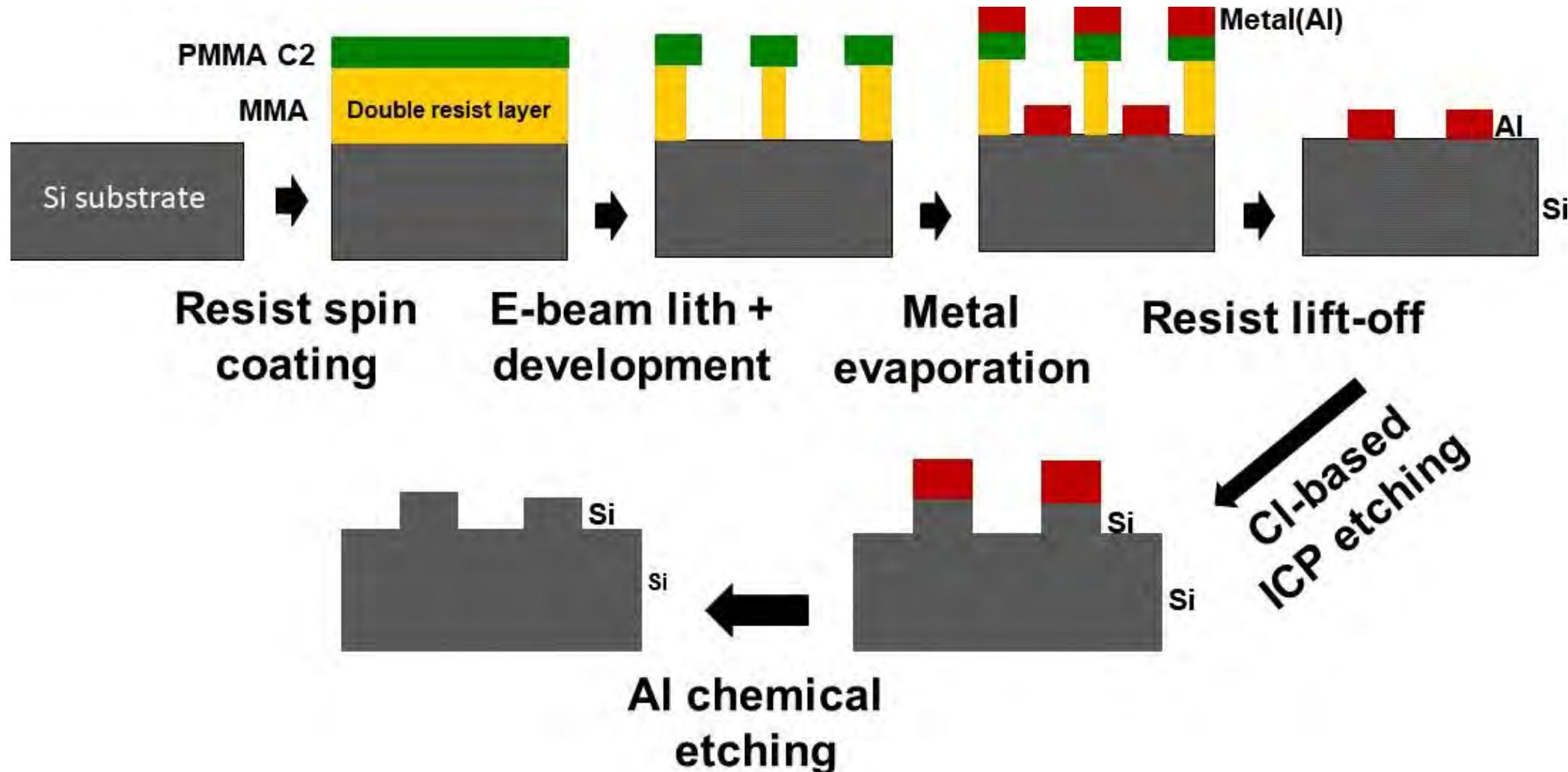
5. Final structure

(after TiO₂ crystallisation)



Master fabrication

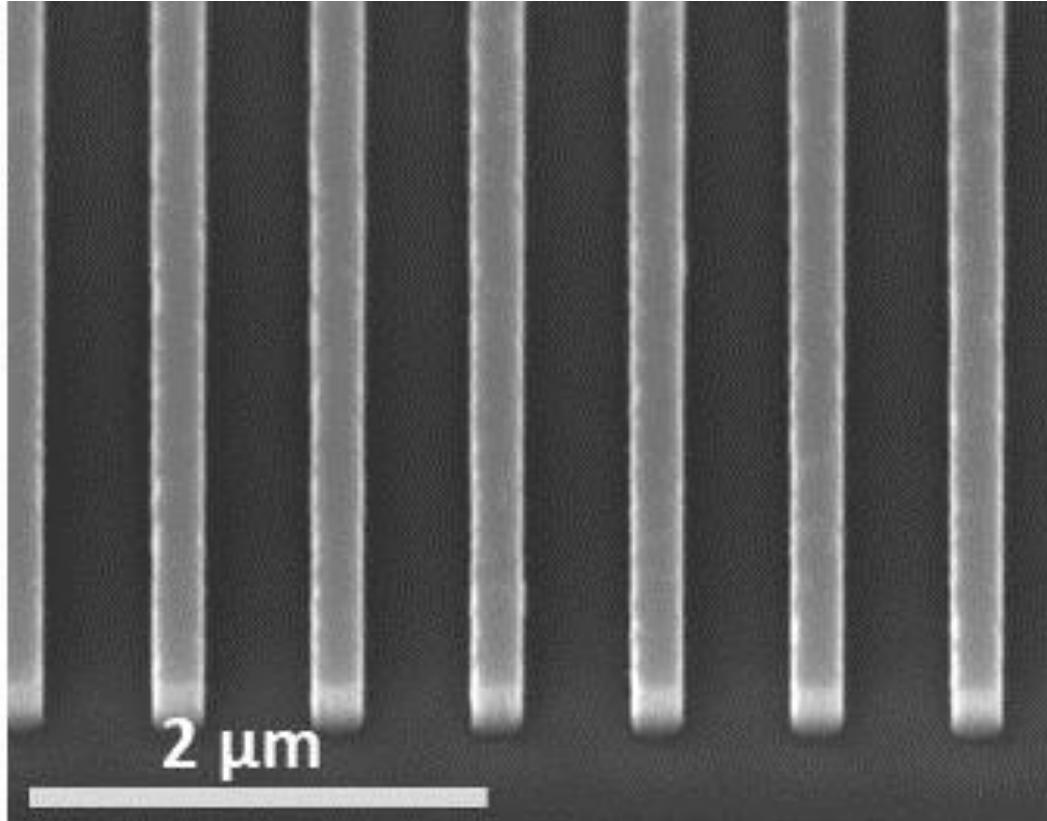
Fabrication of Si pillars  Positive resist combined with lift-off



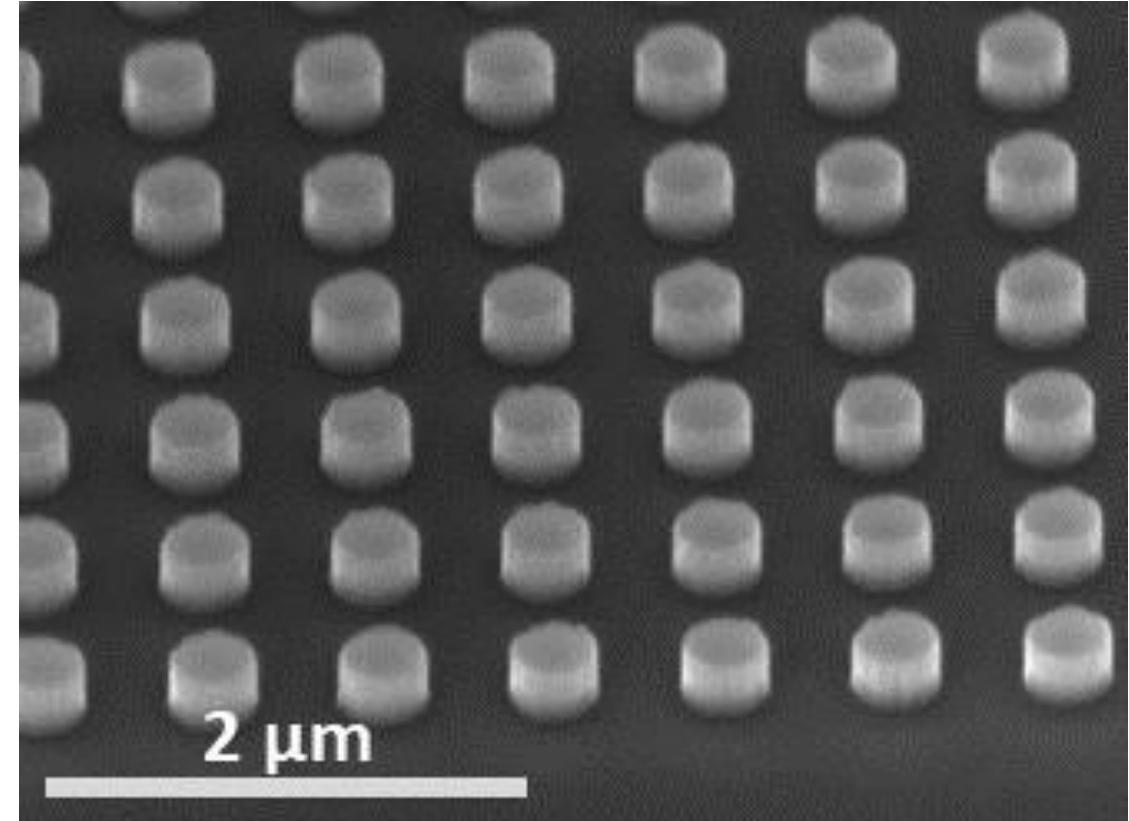
Master fabrication

Master fabrication

Successful !! 😊



Profile view 1D



Profile view 2D

Fabrication of PDMS stamp

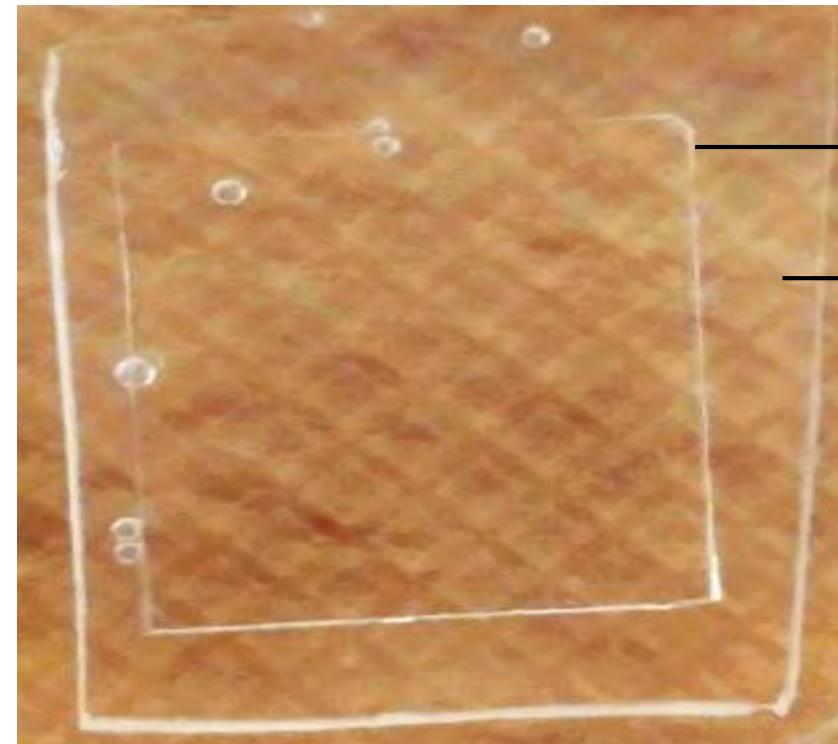
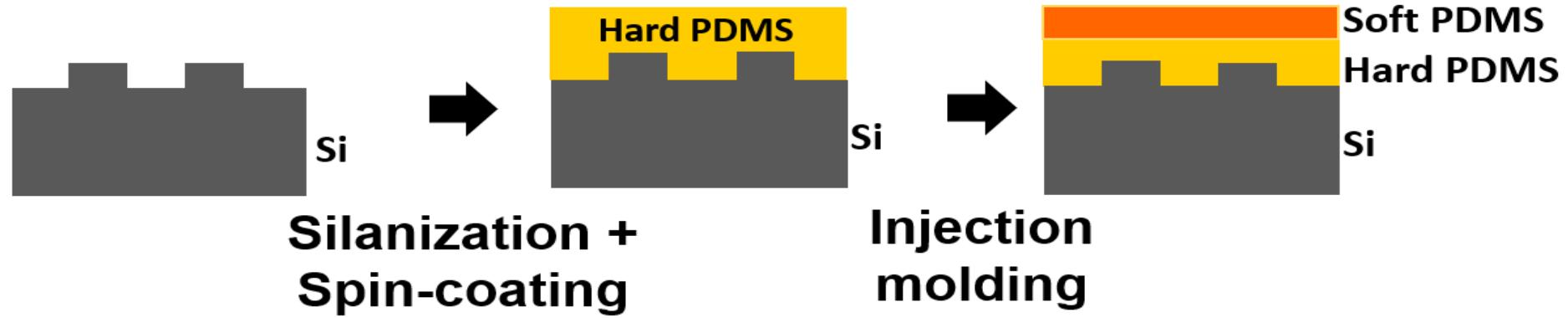
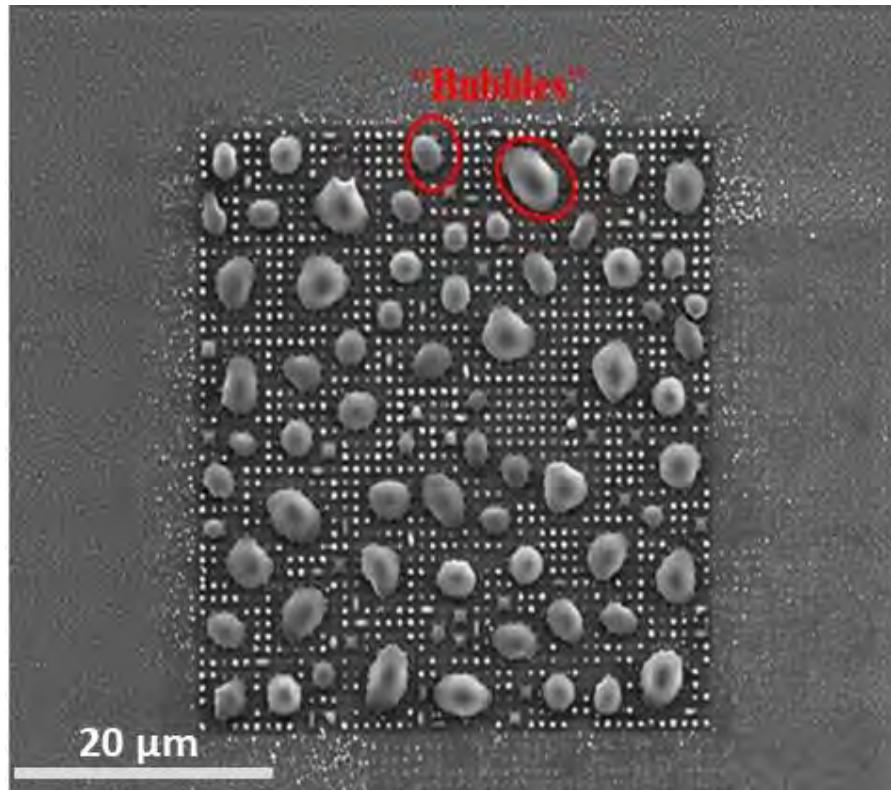


Photo of flat PDMS stamp

What can go wrong?

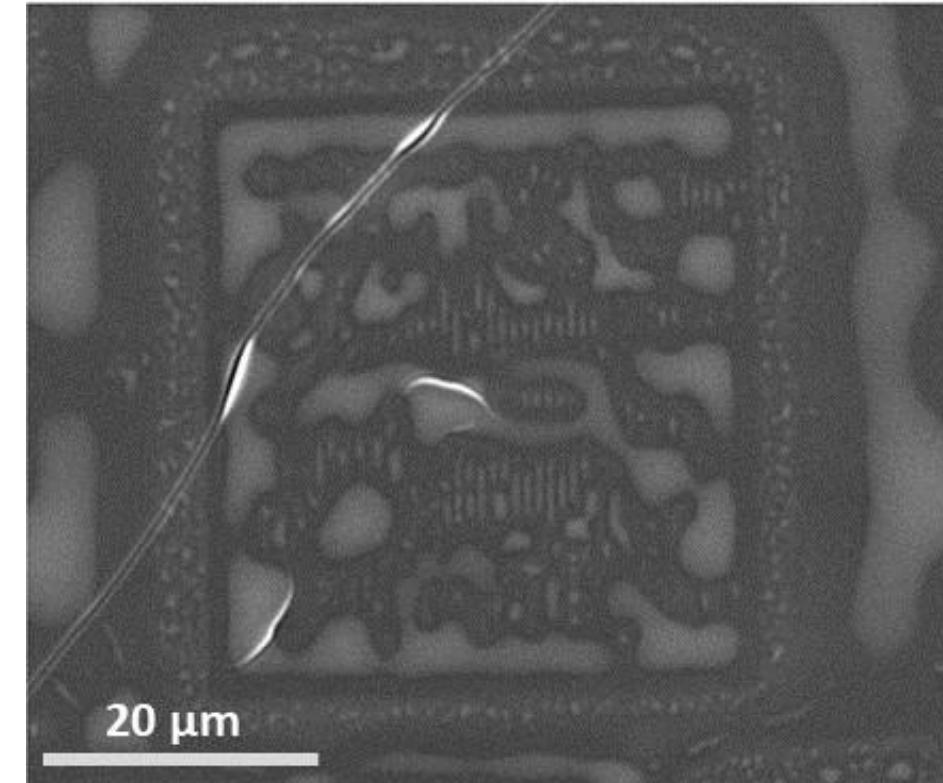
⌚ Problem with silanization



Si master with Al patterns
after PDMS moulding

→ Remove the Al before silanization

⌚ Reaction with Al probably due to HCl release

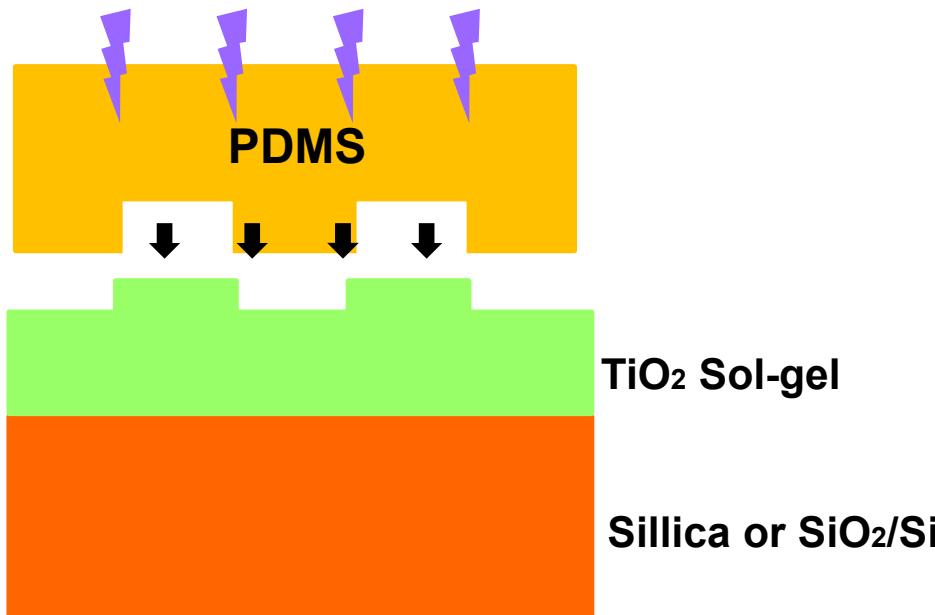


Nanoimprinted TiO₂ pattern

Coming soon: Nanoimprint

Nanoimprint

Press + UV illumination



TiO₂ sol-gel: alcoholic Benzoylacetone-modified sol [3]
(provided by LHC, Laboratoire Hubert Curien in Saint-Etienne)

Equipment: NPS 300

[3]Briche, S. , et al, Journal of Materials Science 46.5(2011):1474-1486.

Conclusions & future works

So far...

- ✓ The master stamp was successfully fabricated
- ✓ The master fabrication process was re-optimized for compatibility with PDMS moulding.
- ✓ The thickness of TiO₂ obtained was basically about 300 nm(before nanoimprint).

Next...

- Optimization of patterned PDMS stamps & nanoimprinting
- Fabrication and optical characterization of the devices
- Sensing experiments (glucose solutions and protein sensing)

Acknowledgments



Colleagues



THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!